ZINCEXTM TECHNOLOGY: RECENT INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS

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ABSTRACT

The Modified ZINCEXTM Process (MZP), developed by Técnicas Reunidas, is an industrially proven flexible process. It can handle a wide range of primary and secondary raw materials, producing SHG zinc. The core of the Modified ZINCEXTM Process is the zinc solvent extraction unit. This unit is an effective barrier for any leachable impurities present in the raw material. As a result of this an ultra-pure zinc solution is always obtained. The high versatility of the process makes the application of the technology in different scenarios possible. MZP can be effectively applied when developing a whole new plant (Skorpion) or adapting its scheme to an existing refinery (Akita), in both cases giving the same results. Flexibility in terms of capacity of the plant is a great advantage of the MZP, there is the possibility to adapt the global process to a wide range of production capacities. Zinc production capacities of over 150 000 t/a may be achieved with a single solvent extraction plant train. The robustness of the Modified ZINCEXTM Process has been recently proven on two new plants currently in operation: Portovesme (Italy) and Horsehead (USA) after start up during 2013. The status of both plants is described in this paper.

KEYWORDS

Modified ZINCEX Process, Zinc, Solvent Extraction, New Plant Operation, Waelz Oxide, Electrolysis

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This paper was published in the Proceedings of Hydrometallurgy 2014, which can be acquired in the following link:

http://web.cim.org/hydro2014/conference/PapersProceedingsBeta.cfm

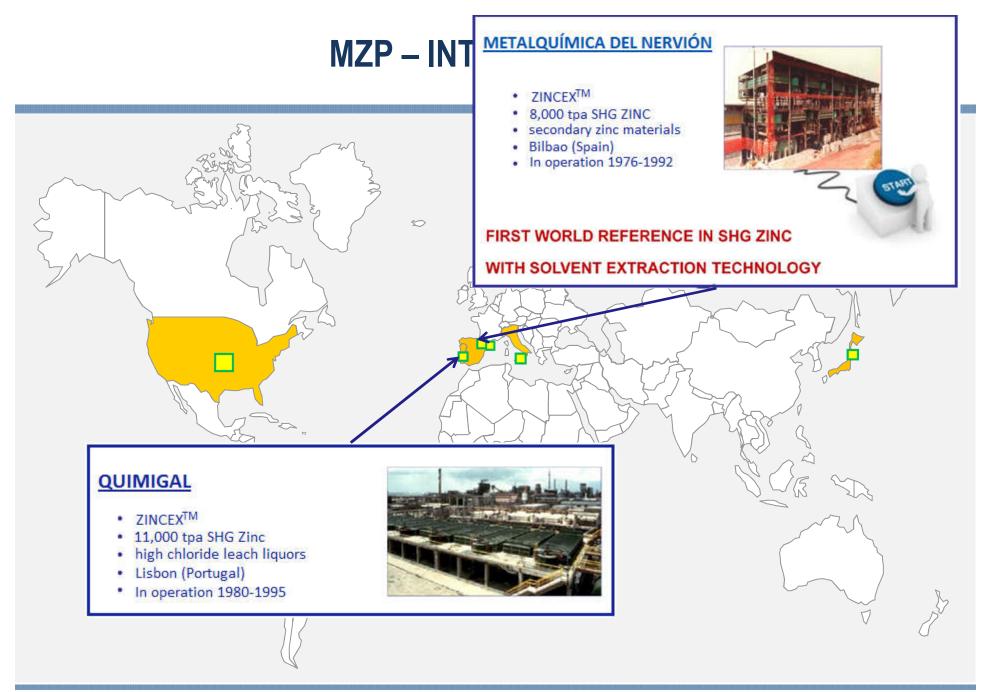
THE FOLLOWING PRESENTATION FOR COMMERCIAL USE DESCRIBES THE CONTENT OF THIS PAPER.

Zincex[™] Technology: RECENT INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS

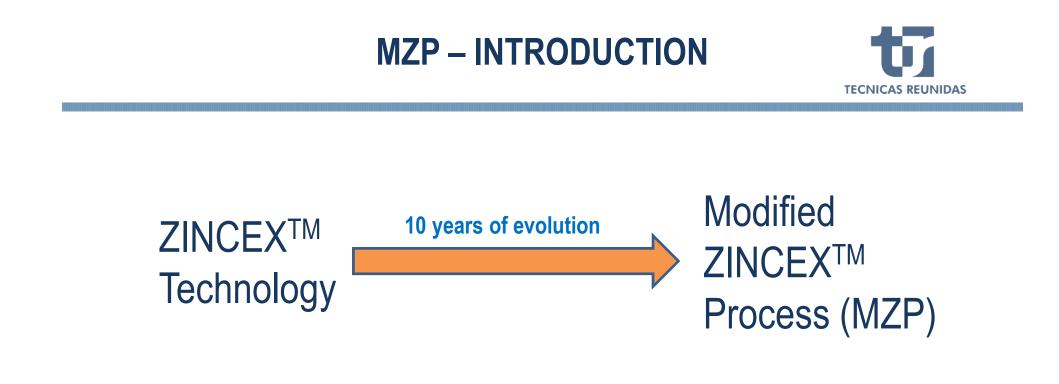








ZINCEX[™] Technology: Recent Industrial Operations



<u>MZP is a simplification and optimization of the ZINCEX[™] process</u> <u>specifically adapted to treat solid materials or impure sulphate solutions</u>

MZP – INTRODUCTION

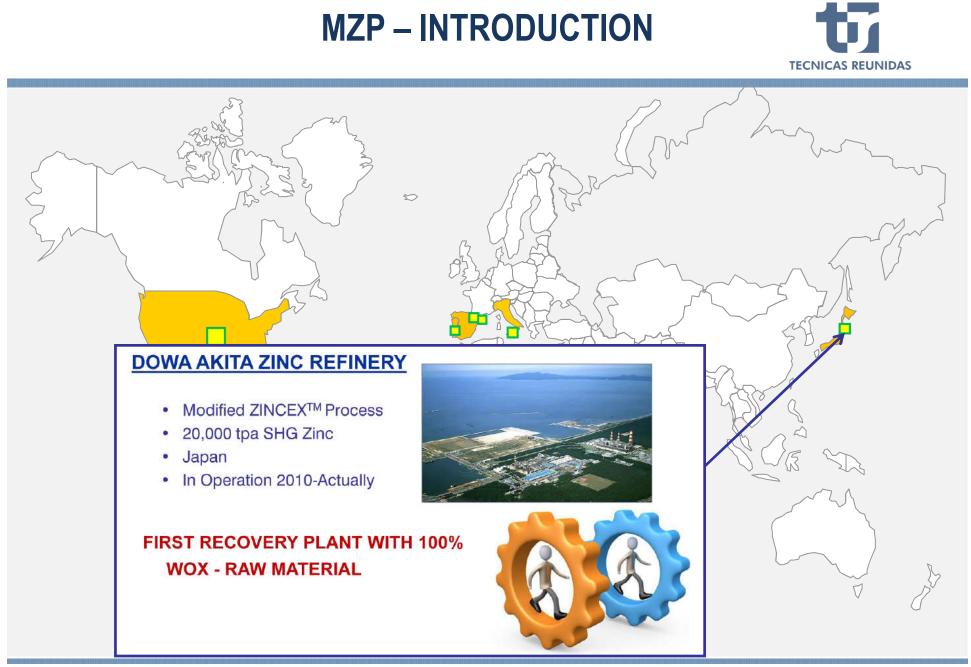




MZP – INTRODUCTION







ZINCEXTM Technology: Recent Industrial Operations

MZP – INTRODUCTION



The Industrial plants demonstrate:

- Ability of the Modified ZINCEX® process (MZP) to recover zinc from zinc solutions.
- MZP achieve SHG zinc working with a wide range of raw materials
 - ✓ Solid or liquid.
 - Solids: Primary ores or Secondary raw material From 7% of zinc to 60% of zinc
 - Liquid: Sulphate or Chloride media
 - From 5 g/l to 160 g/l of zinc
 - ✓ Containing high presence of impurities, including chlorides and fluorides.
- Solvent extraction (SX) is the key step used in MZP to purify the zinc solutions,
 - \checkmark Is a very effective barrier for the impurities
 - ✓ And act as buffer for changes in the composition of the Pregnant Liquor Solution (PLS)
 - The final purified solution produced after SX are available for conventional electrowinning (EW)

The use of secondary zinc materials has the following benefits:

- Lower raw material costs recycled zinc is generally more economical than primary zinc concentrates
- Reduced iron removal costs iron within secondary zinc material is normally low, more easily controlled and managed than that from primary zinc concentrates
- Environmental advantages reuse of materials

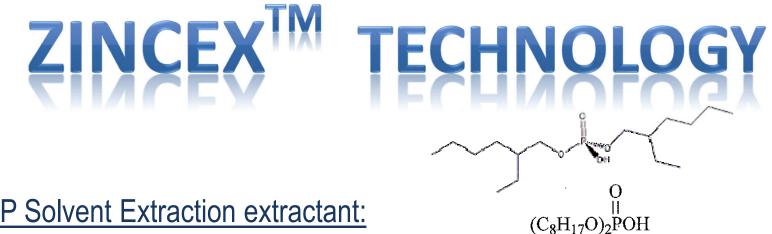
The use of secondary zinc materials has the following disadvantages:

- - EW is extremely sensitive to the presence of traces Metallic impurities
 Removed by cementation with Zinc Dust
 This unit increases the OPEX
 - The presence of high levels of Chlorides in EW (<100 mg/l) corrosion of lead-silver anodes and health hazard for plant workers due to chlorine gas production during the electrowinning
 - Fluorides cause dissolution of the protective Al₂O₃ layer on the cathode surface
 operational problems and shorter cathode life is expected

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 operational problems and shorter cathode life is expected

WAELZ OXIDES PROCESSING THROUGH ZINCEX[™] TECHNOLOGY **TECNICAS REUNIDAS**



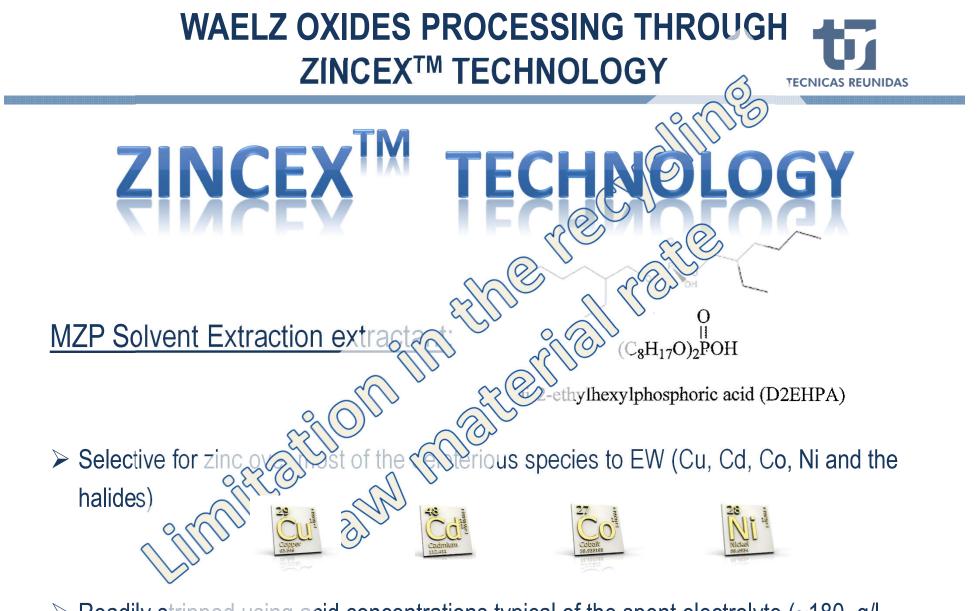
MZP Solvent Extraction extractant:

Di-2-ethylhexylphosphoric acid (D2EHPA)

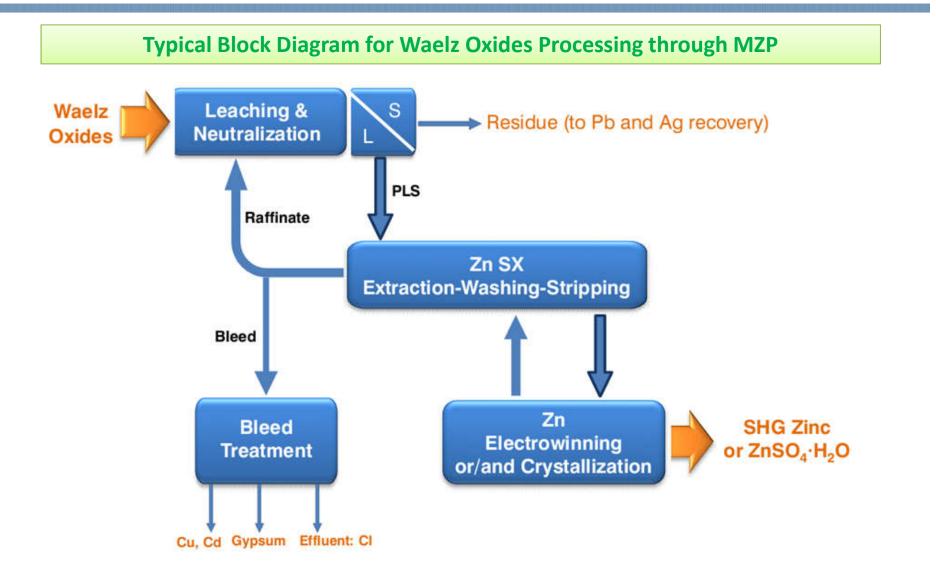
> Selective for zinc over most of the deleterious species to EW (Cu, Cd, Co, Ni and the halides)

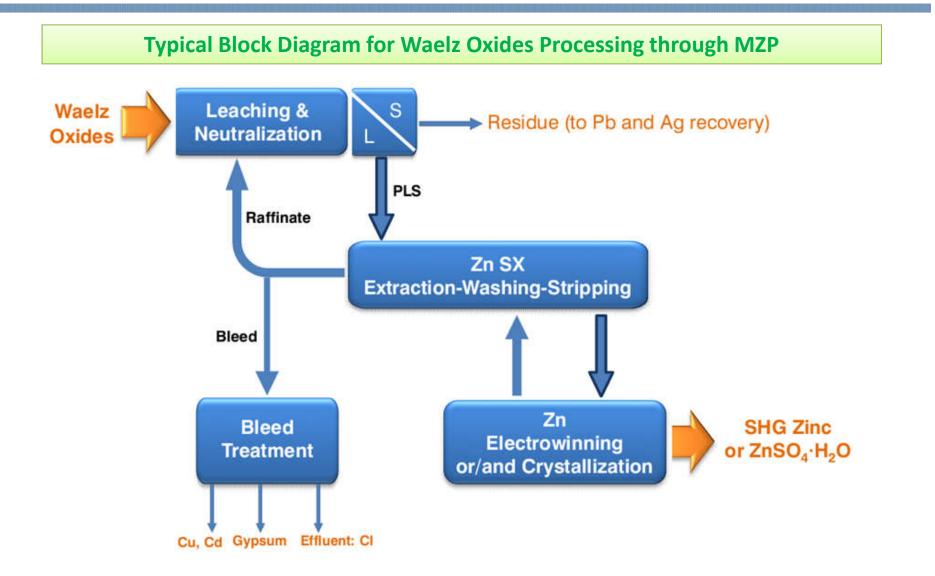


 \succ Readily stripped using acid concentrations typical of the spent electrolyte (~180 g/l H_2SO_4)

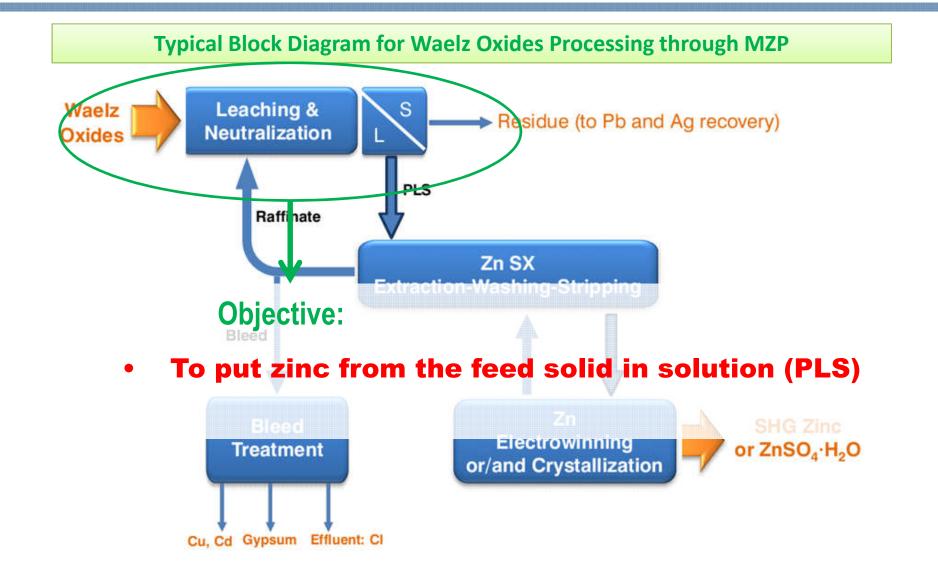


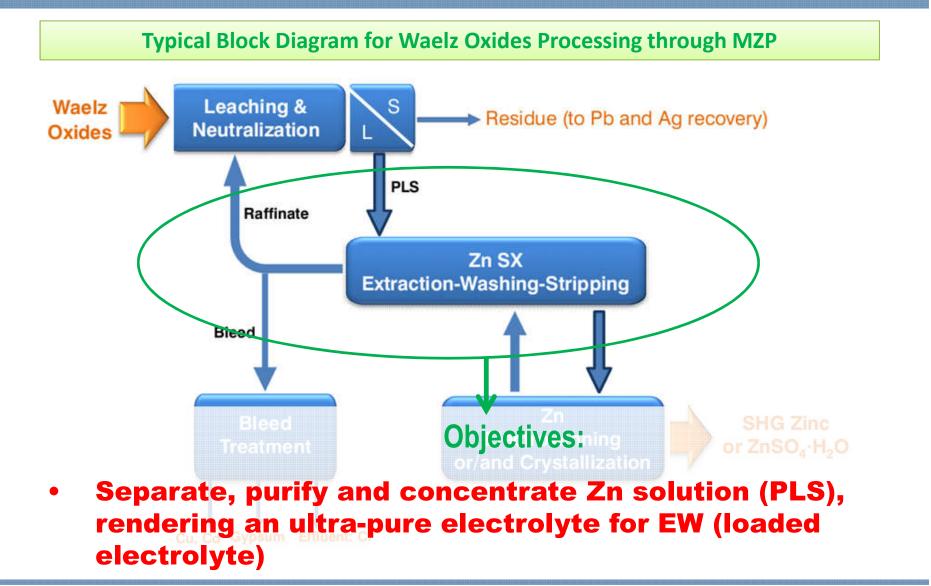
Readily stripped using acid concentrations typical of the spent electrolyte (~180 g/l H₂SO₄)





ZINCEX[™] Technology: Recent Industrial Operations

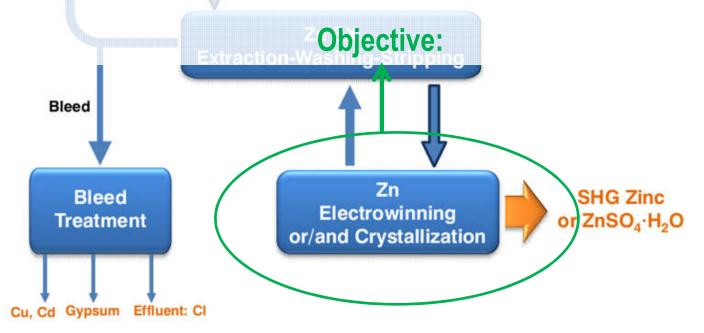




ZINCEX[™] Technology: Recent Industrial Operations

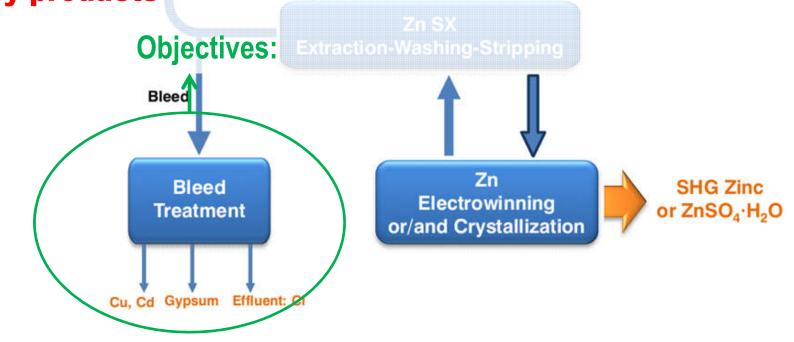
Typical Block Diagram for Waelz Oxides Processing through MZP

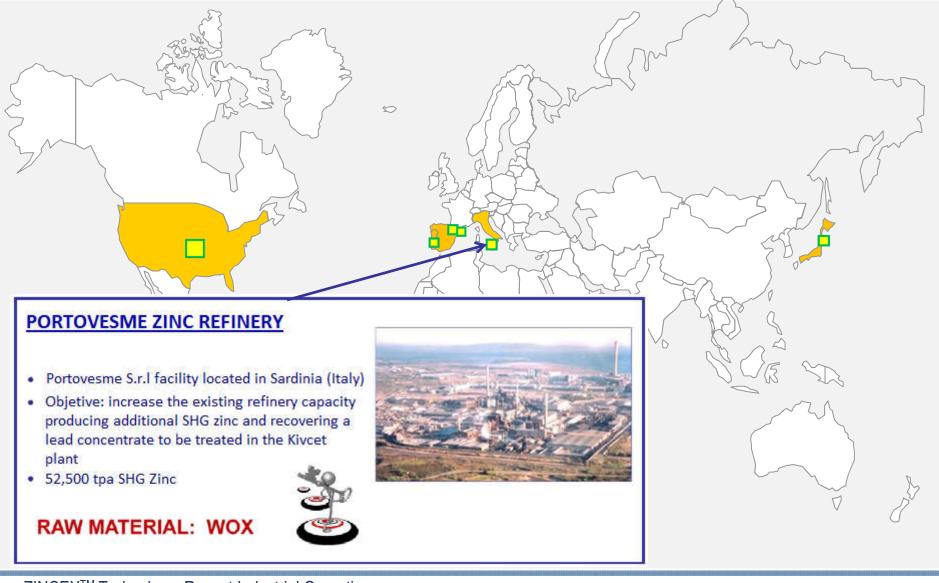
- Zinc is electrowon onto the cathode sheets
- Zinc spent electrolyte produced is fed to SX
- Crystallization is an optional operation that can substitute or complement the zinc electrolysis



WAELZ OXIDES PROCESSING THROUGH ZINCEX[™] TECHNOLOGY **TECNICAS REUNIDAS**

- **Remove impurities from PLS circuit, to prevent build-up**
- Keep water balance in the plant Residue (to Pb and Ag recovery)
- **Maximize Zn recovery**
- Minimize residue production, turning some impurities into **by-products**



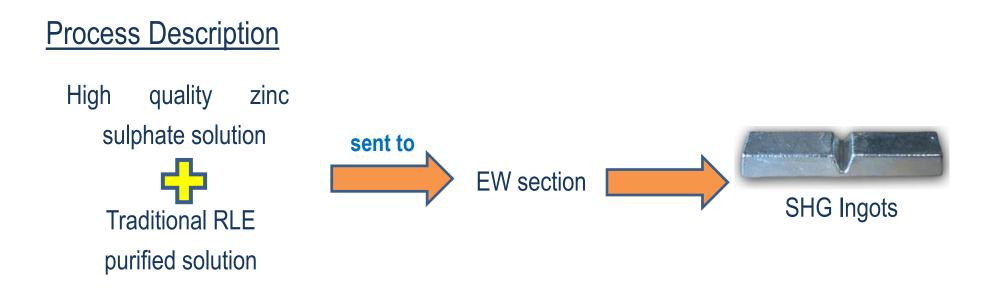


Raw Material:

The raw material feed to the MZP plant will be:

- Unwashed Waelz Oxides: approximately 85,000 tpa (dry basis)
- Kivcet oxides: approximately 5,500 tpa (dry basis)

Table 1 - Av	the raw materials	
COMPONENT	UNWASHED WAELZ OXIDES	KIVCET OXIDES
Zn %	61-64	32.6
Рь %	5-7	43.7
Fe %	0.8-1.5	0.65
Cd %	0.2-0.5	1.14
Cu %	0.05-0.1	0.43
C1 %	5-7	0.31
F g/t	900-1,500	Not av.

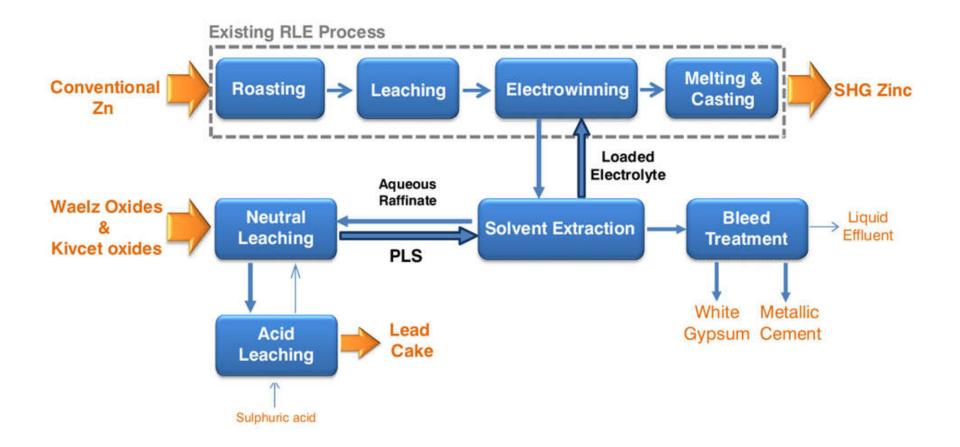


The new processing facilities incorporate the following major areas:

Leaching
Solvent Extraction

Bleed Treatment

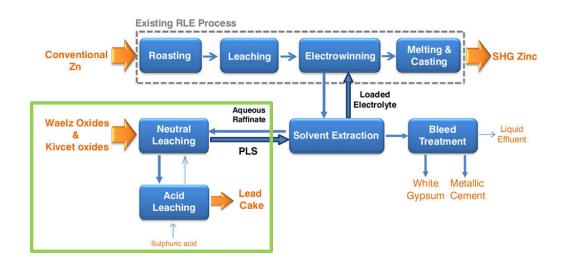
Process Description



Process Description

Leaching Unit:

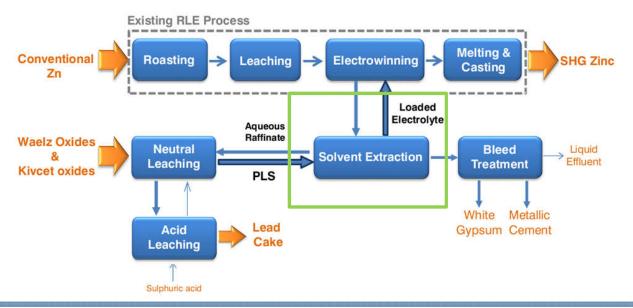
- Two-stage counter current leaching process
- Option selected in order to produce a relatively clean, solid residue with a high lead content, which could be treated in the Kivcet Plant for metal recovery



Process Description

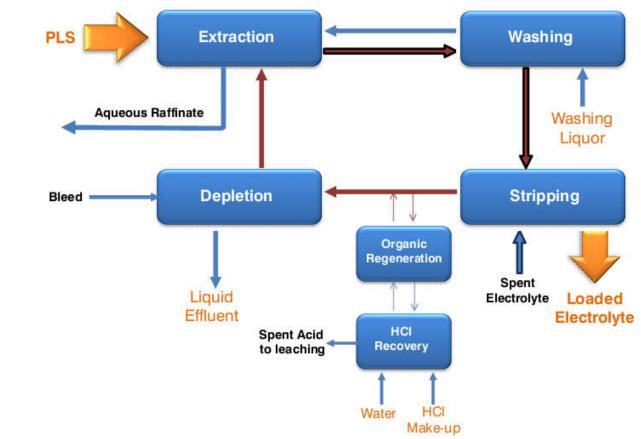
Solvent Extraction area:

- Connection stage between traditional plant and MZP plant
- Produce an ultra-pure rich solution (loaded electrolyte) suitable to be mixed with the typical RLE electrolyte and produce SHG zinc by EW

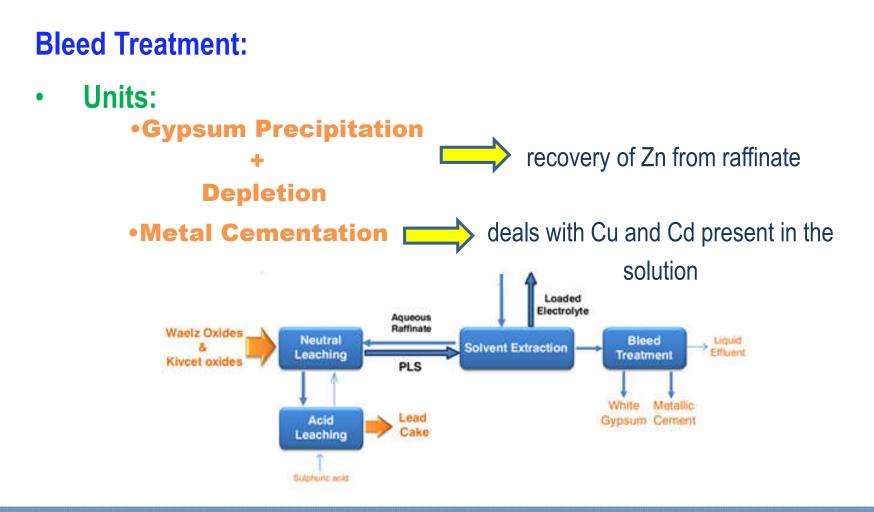


Process Description

Solvent Extraction area:

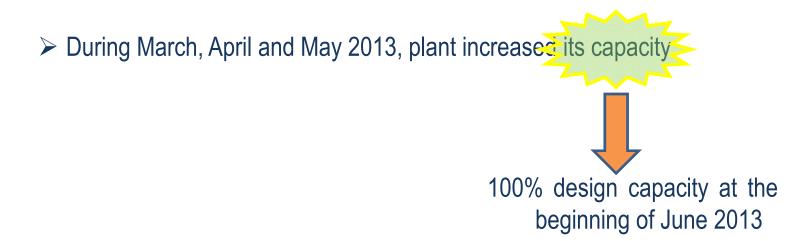


Process Description



Plant Status:

> Portovesme MZP plant started production on the 25th of February 2013



> To date, plant has been producing SHG Zinc

Plant Status:

- The main problem find during de start up is the low quality of the spent electrolyte produced in the main RLE plant, contains a lot of Solid in Suspension (Gypsum, Silica, etc) and High temperature during the start-up of the MZP plant significant amount of this solids was detected in stripping stages
- > TR and Portovesme were working to minimize the impact in plant operation

<u>The quality of the loaded electrolyte produced through the MZP has</u> <u>been demonstrated during this period, improving substantially the</u> <u>quality of the electrolyte that is fed to the EW unit</u>

FOREST CITY ZINC REFINERY

- Located in Mooresboro, NC (Forest city)
- The new plant will be capable of producing SHG zinc and CGG in addition to the PW grade that the Company currently produces
- Designed with a nameplate capacity of 140,000 t/y of zinc metal from Waelz Oxides
- Other secondary materials containing zinc, such as galvanizer skimmings are planned to be fed into the plant

RAW MATERIAL: OXIDES SECONDARIES SIMILAR RAW MATERIAL





Raw Material:

The raw material feed to the MZP plant will be:

- > Waelz Oxides: approximately 241,000 tpa (dry basis)
- Zinc Skimmings

Table 2 - Average composition of the raw materials		
COMPONENT	WAELZ OXIDES	SKIMMINGS
Zn %	61.2	70
Pb %	2.97	0.6
Fe %	4.23	3.1
Cd %	0.18	N/A
Cu %	0.05	0.21
Cl %	4.56	N/A
F %	0.29	N/A

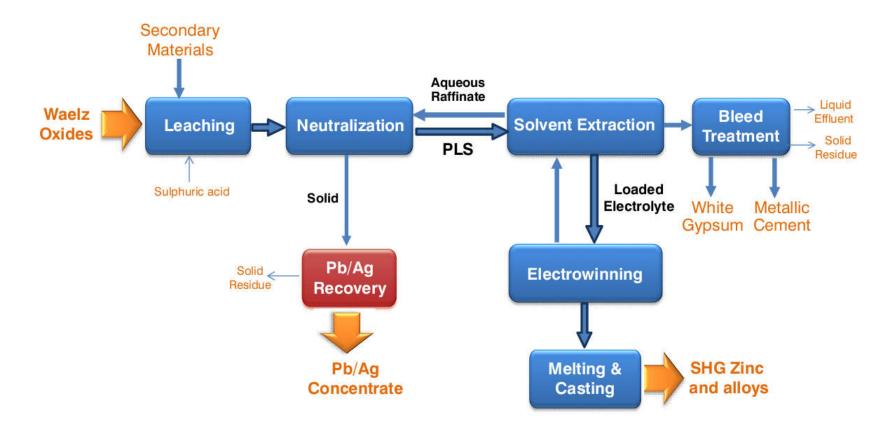
Process Description

- ➢ Is a New Factory
- ➢ Able to produce SHG Zinc and different alloys (CGG and/or PW) using MZP technology
- Annexed to the MZP plant a process plant to recover the lead and silver present in the leaching residue will also be implemented. The final product of that plant will be a Pb/Ag concentrate



Process Description

The new processing facilities incorporate the following major areas:



Plant Status:

➤ Horsehead MZP plant started production on the 28th of May 2014

 \succ Now they are involve in the ramp up of the plant

> To date, plant has been producing SHG Zinc

CONCLUSIONS



The Modified ZINCEX[™] Process represents the optimum solution to deal with WOX:

- Successfully demonstrated with the start-up of two new plants:
 - Portovesme
 - ➤ Horsehead
- Since 2010, Akita plant is also working with this type of raw material producing SGH zinc
- ➤ The integration of the traditional RLE plant and the Modified ZINCEXTM process has also been well established at industrial scale with the start-up of the Portovesme plant

Thank you very much! QUESTIONS WELCOME!





